

Reg. No: SIDDHARTH INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY:: PUTTUR
(AUTONOMOUS)B.Tech III Year I Semester Regular Examinations Feb-2021
ESTIMATION, COSTING AND VALUATION
(Civil Engineering)

Time: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 60

PART-A

(Answer all the Questions 5 x 2 = 10 Marks)

- 1 a Enumerate any eight items of estimate of a building. 2M
- b List different items of estimation in metal road construction. 2M
- c What are percentages of steel of concrete in general in different types of RCC members? 2M
- d What are the factors on which rate of particular item of work depends? 2M
- e What is the difference between scrap value and salvage value? 2M

(Answer all Five Units 5 x 10 = 50 Marks)

PART-B**UNIT-I**

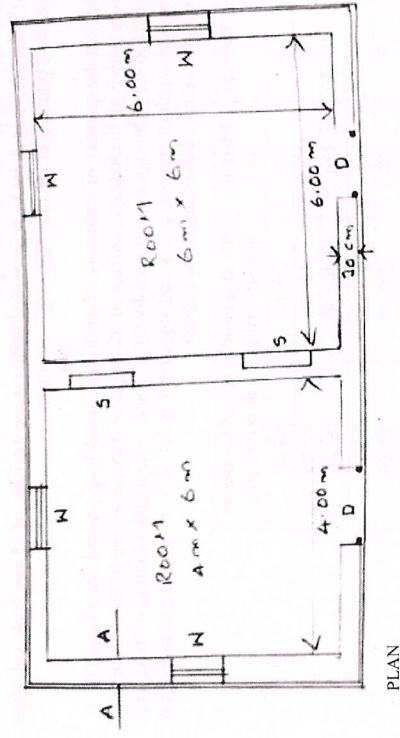
- 2 List and explain different types of estimates in detail 10M

OR

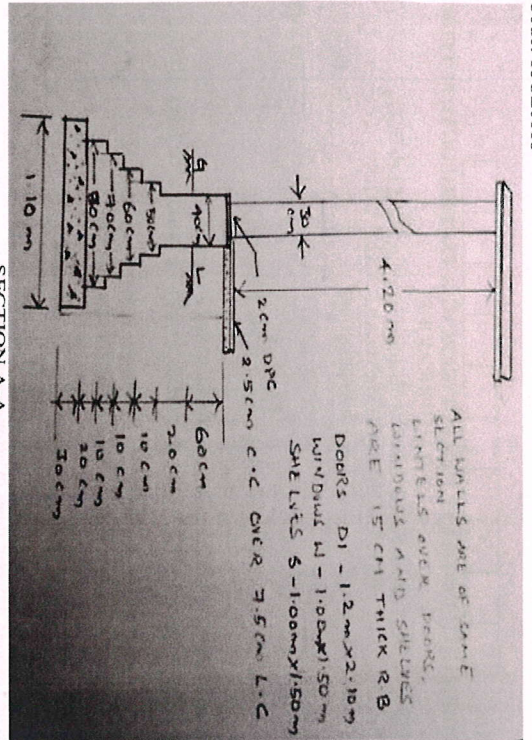
- 3 Estimate the quantities of the following items of a two roomed building from the given plan and section. The general specifications are as follows: 10M

- (a) Earthwork in excavation in foundation,
- (b) Lime concrete in foundation
- (c) 1st class brickwork in cement mortar in foundation and plinth
- (d) 2.5 cm cement concrete damp proof course, and
- (e) 1st class brickwork in lime mortar in super structure. Adopt Centre Line method.

Refer Fig.1.



R18



SECTION A-A
SECTION AA
Fig. 1

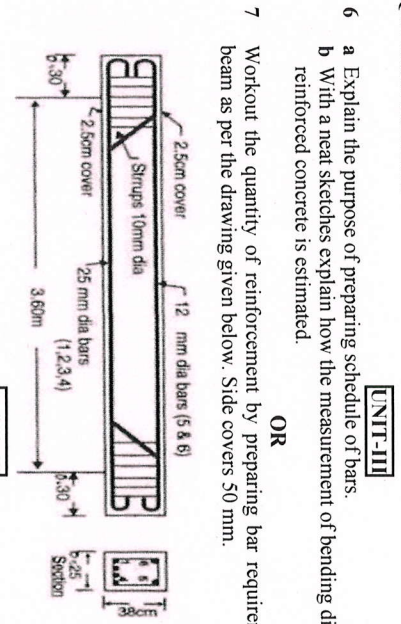
UNIT-II

- 4 A road portion of 200 m length is having heights 1.00 m and 1.60 m in banking at the two ends. The road portion in an uniform ground with a formation width 10 m and side slopes being 2:1 (horizontal: vertical). Assume that there is no transverse slope.
- (i) Calculate the quantity of earthwork using Mid Sectional Area Method, Mean Sectional Area Method and Prismoidal Formula Method.
- (ii) Compare the two methods with Prismoidal Formula Method and report the difference of quantities in percentage.
- (iii) If the side slopes are to be provided with a stone pitching of 15 cm thick, calculate the cost of pitching at the rate of Rs.220/- per cum
- OR**
- 5 Calculate the quantity of earthwork of a hill road in sidelong ground, for a length of 200 m from 5 to 10 chainage, tangent of the angle of transverse slope of ground ($\tan\theta$) is equal to 0.2 although as measured by Ghat Tracer. The length of chain is 20 m. The formation width of the road is 7 m and slope bank is 2:1. R.L. of ground and formation level at the centre of the road are as follows:-

Chainage	Distance (m)	R.L. of ground at centre (m)	R.L. of formation at centre (m)
5	100	200.00	201.20
6	120	199.75	201.80
7	140	200.50	202.40
8	160	201.70	203.00
9	180	202.40	203.60
10	200	201.50	204.20

10M

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UNIT-IV

- 6 a Explain the purpose of preparing schedule of bars.
b With a neat sketches explain how the measurement of bending dimension of bars for reinforced concrete is estimated.
- OR**
- 7 Workout the quantity of reinforcement by preparing bar requirement schedule of a beam as per the drawing given below. Side covers 50 mm.
- 8 a Prepare the rate per cu.m for random rubble stone masonry in superstructure in 1:6 cement sand mortar.
b What is the rate per sq.m for constructing 12 mm thick cement plastering in ceiling with 1:3 cement sand mortar?
- OR**
- 9 a Prepare rate per cu.m for constructing rubble stone masonry in superstructure 1:6 cement sand mortar.
b Prepare rate per sq.m for painting one coat over a coat of priming.
- UNIT-V**
- 10 a Write detailed specifications for white washing and colour washing.
b Mention detail specifications for doors and windows.
- OR**
- 11 Calculate the standard rent of a Government residential building newly constructed from the following data -
(i) Cost of land - Rs.10,000.00
(ii) Cost of construction of the building - Rs.40,000.00
(iii) Cost of roads within the compound, and fencing - Rs.20,00.00
(iv) Cost of sanitary and water supply works - 8% of the cost of building
(v) Cost of electric installation including fans - 10% of the cost of building
(vi) Municipal House tax - Rs.400.00 per annum
(vii) Water tax - Rs.250.00 per annum
(viii) Property tax - Rs.140.00 per annum

END